| (| |) | Product Information |
|---|---|---|----------------------------------|
| (| |) | Preliminary Specification |
| (| √ |) | Approval Specification |

Any modification of Spec is not allowed without SDC's permission.

| CUSTOMER | R/A Customer |
|---------------|--------------|
| DATE OF ISSUE | 2016/03/20 |

| MODEL NO. | GL430-C20 |
|----------------|-----------|
| EXTENSION CODE | -V(0) |

| Customer Approval & Feedback | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |

| Approved by | 2016/03/20 |
|-------------|------------|
| Prepared by | 2016/03/20 |
| | |



SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

| (|) | Preliminary | Specification |
|---|---|--------------------|----------------------|
|---|---|--------------------|----------------------|

(●) Final Specification

| Title 43.0" WUXGA TFT LCD |
|---------------------------|
|---------------------------|

| BUYER | General LGE |
|-------|-------------|
| MODEL | |

| SUPPLIER | LG Display Co., Ltd. |
|----------|----------------------|
| *MODEL | LC430DUY |
| SUFFIX | |

| APPROVED BY | SIGNATURE DATE |
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your signature and comments.

| APPROVED BY | SIGNATURE DATE |
|--|-------------------|
| YoonSan Park / Team Leader | |
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| PREPARED BY | |
| Youngll Choi / Engineer | |
| | |
| TV Product Developme LG Display Co., Lt | - |

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| Revision No. | Revision Date | Page | Description |
|--------------|-------------------------------|----------|---|
| 0.1 | 24 TH . June. 2015 | - | Preliminary Specification (First Draft) |
| 0.2 | 15 [™] . Sep. 2015 | 3 | General Description |
| | | 8 | Backlight Module |
| | | 16 | Optical Specification |
| | | 20,21,22 | Mechanical Characteristics |
| 0.3 | 13 TH . Oct. 2015 | 3 | General Description |
| | | 4 | Absolute Maximum Ratings |
| | | 6 | Electrical Specifications |
| | | 8 | Backlight Module |
| | | 16 | Optical Specification |
| | | 20,21,22 | Mechanical Characteristics |
| 1.0 | 23 th , Nov, 2015 | - | CAS Version 1.0 Release |
| | | - | Final Specification |
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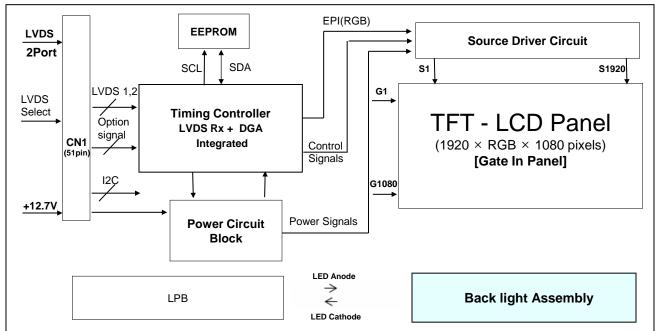
1. General Description

The LC430DUY is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Light Emitting Diode (LED) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element.

It is a transmissive display type which is operating in the normally black mode. It has a 43.0 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arrayed in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 16.7Million colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

| <u>Octiciai i catares</u> | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Active Screen Size | 42.51inches (1079.87 mm) diagonal |
| Outline Dimension | 973.8(H) x 567.0(V) x 63.0(D) mm (Typ.) |
| Pixel Pitch | 0.4902 mm x 0.4902 mm |
| Pixel Format | 1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement |
| Color Depth | 8bit, 16.7 Million colors |
| Luminance, White | 2000 cd/m² (Center 1point ,Typ.) |
| Viewing Angle (CR>10) | Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.)) |
| Power Consumption | Total 176W (Typ.) |
| Weight | 13.5 kg(Typ.) 14.4 kg (Max) |
| Display Mode | Transmissive mode, Normally black |
| Surface Treatment | Hard coating(2H), Anti-glare low reflection treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 3%(Typ.)) |

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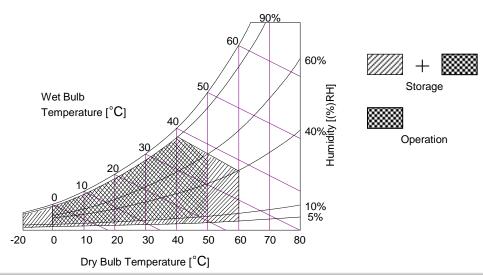
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or permanent damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Only Panel and Circuit Part of LCD Module)

| Para | Symbol | Va | lue | Unit | Note | |
|----------------------------|------------------|--------|------|-----------------|-------|------|
| Parameter | | Symbol | Min | Max | o iii | Note |
| Power Input Voltage | LCD Circuit | VLCD | -0.3 | +14.0 | VDC | |
| LED Input Voltage | Forward Voltage | VF | - | +34.2/ +58.4 | VDC | 1 |
| T-Con Option Selection | Voltage | VLOGIC | -0.3 | +4.0 | VDC | |
| Operating Temperature | | Тор | 0 | +50 | °C | 2.2 |
| Storage Temperature | | Тѕт | -20 | +60 | °C | 2,3 |
| Panel Front Temperature | | Tsur | - | +68 | °C | 4 |
| Operating Ambient Humidity | | Нор | 10 | 90 | %RH | |
| Storage Humidity | Storage Humidity | | 5 | 90 | %RH | 2,3 |

- 1. Ambient temperature condition (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)
- 2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39°C, and no condensation of water.
- 3. Gravity mura can be guaranteed below 40°C condition.
- 4. The maximum operating temperatures is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 68°C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 68°C. The range of operating temperature may be degraded in case of improper thermal management in final product design.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

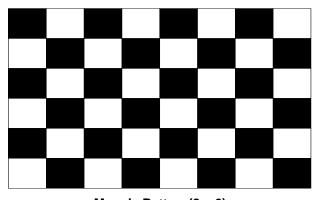
It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other Is used for the LED backlight and LED Driver circuit.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Parameter | | Symbol | | Value | | Unit | Note |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------|-------|-------|------|------|
| Faiai | Syllibol | Min | Тур | Max | Offic | | |
| Circuit : | | - | | - | | - | |
| Power Input Voltage | Power Input Voltage | | 10.8 | 12.7 | 14.0 | VDC | |
| Power Input Current | Power Input Current | | - | 350 | 455 | mA | 1 |
| 1 ower input ourroin | | ILCD | - | 550 | 715 | mA | 2 |
| T-CON Option | Input High Voltage | V _{IH} | 1.62 | - | 1.98 | VDC | |
| Selection Voltage | Selection Voltage Input Low Voltage | | 0 | - | 0.54 | VDC | |
| Power Consumption | | PLCD | - | 4.4 | 5.8 | Watt | 1 |
| Rush current | Rush current | | - | - | 5.0 | А | 3 |

notes

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.7V, Ta=25 \pm 2°C, f_{V} =60Hz condition, and mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_{V} is the frame frequency.
- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.).
- 4. Ripple voltage level is recommended under $\pm 5\%$ of typical voltage.



White: 255 Gray Black: 0 Gray

Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs three kinds of interface connection, 51-pin connector is used for the module electronics.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-RXE51S-HF(manufactured by JAE) or GT05S-51S-H38(manufactured by LSM) or IS050-C51B-C39-C(manufactured by UJU)

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

| No | Symbol | Description | No | Symbol | Description |
|----|-------------|-------------------------------------|----|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | NC or GND | No Connection or Ground (Note 4) | 27 | NC | No connection |
| 2 | NC | No Connection (Note 4) | 28 | R2AN | SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A-) |
| 3 | NC | No Connection (Note 4) | 29 | R2AP | SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A+) |
| 4 | NC | No Connection (Note 4) | 30 | R2BN | SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B-) |
| 5 | NC | No Connection (Note 4) | 31 | R2BP | SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B+) |
| 6 | NC | No Connection (Note 4) | 32 | R2CN | SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C-) |
| 7 | LVDS Select | 'H' =JEIDA , 'L' or NC = VESA | 33 | R2CP | SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C+) |
| 8 | NC | No Connection (Note 4) | 34 | GND | Ground |
| 9 | NC | No Connection (Note 4) | 35 | R2CLKN | SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-) |
| 10 | NC | No Connection (Note 4) | 36 | R2CLKP | SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+) |
| 11 | GND | Ground | 37 | GND | Ground |
| 12 | R1AN | FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A-) | 38 | R2DN | SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D-) |
| 13 | R1AP | FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A+) | 39 | R2DP | SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D+) |
| 14 | R1BN | FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B-) | 40 | NC | No connection |
| 15 | R1BP | FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B+) | 41 | NC | No connection |
| 16 | R1CN | FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C-) | 42 | NC or GND | No Connection or Ground |
| 17 | R1CP | FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C+) | 43 | NC or GND | No Connection or Ground |
| 18 | GND | Ground | 44 | GND | Ground (Note 5) |
| 19 | R1CLKN | FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-) | 45 | GND | Ground |
| 20 | R1CLKP | FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+) | 46 | GND | Ground |
| 21 | GND | Ground | 47 | NC | No connection |
| 22 | R1DN | FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D-) | 48 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.7V |
| 23 | R1DP | FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D+) | 49 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.7V |
| 24 | NC | No connection | 50 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.7V |
| 25 | NC | No connection | 51 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.7V |
| 26 | NC or GND | No Connection or Ground | - | - | - |

Note

- 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.
- 4. #1~#6 & #8~#10 NC (No Connection): These pins are used only for LGD (Do not connect)
- 5. Specific pin No. **#44** is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

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3-2-2. Backlight Module

1、LED 背光电气参数

| parame | parameter | | Symbol | | VALUES | | | Notes |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----|----------|------|--------|------|-----|-----------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | | | |
| Power supply inp | Power supply input voltage | | VBL | 22.6 | 24 | 26.4 | VDC | 1 |
| Power supply inp | ut curre | ent | IBL_A | - | 8.0 | - | Α | VBR=3.3V |
| Power consumpt | ion | | PBL | | 192.0 | | W | VBR=3.3V |
| Input signal for | On/o | on | V on | 2.5 | - | 5 | ٧ | |
| inverter control | ff | off | V off | 0 | - | 0.5 | V | |
| | Brightness | | EXTVBR-B | 35 | | 100 | % | Automatic |
| | adjust | | | | | | | sensitization control |

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2、LED 恒流板接口

2.1 Board A

P001 PH2.0-14PIN (2.0mm*14) P002 PH2.0-2PIN (2.0mm*2)

| Pin | symbol | P001 | P002 | note |
|-----|--------|----------------------|------------------------------|------|
| NO. | | Description | Description | |
| 1 | VCC | Power Supply Voltage | Light sensor negative pole - | |
| 2 | VCC | Power Supply Voltage | Light sensor positive pole + | |
| 3 | VCC | Power Supply Voltage | | |
| 4 | VCC | Power Supply Voltage | | |
| 5 | VCC | Power Supply Voltage | | |
| 6 | GND | Power ground | | |
| 7 | GND | Power ground | | |
| 8 | GND | Power ground | | |
| 9 | GND | Power ground | | |
| 10 | GND | Power ground | | |
| 11 | NC | Not connect | | |
| 12 | ON/OFF | Output enable signal | | |
| 13 | NC | Not connect | | |
| 14 | NC | Not connect | | |

2.2 Board B

P001 PH2.0-14PIN (2.0mm*14) P002 PH2.0-2PIN (2.0mm*2)

| Pin | symbol | P001 | P002 | note |
|-----|--------|----------------------|-------------|------|
| NO. | | Description | Description | |
| 1 | VCC | Power Supply Voltage | NC | |
| 2 | VCC | Power Supply Voltage | NC | |
| 3 | VCC | Power Supply Voltage | | |
| 4 | VCC | Power Supply Voltage | | |
| 5 | VCC | Power Supply Voltage | | |
| 6 | GND | Power ground | | |
| 7 | GND | Power ground | | |
| 8 | GND | Power ground | | |
| 9 | GND | Power ground | | |
| 10 | GND | Power ground | | |
| 11 | NC | Not connect | | |
| 12 | NC | Not connect | | |
| 13 | NC | Not connect | | |
| 14 | NC | Not connect | | |

3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE for NTSC & PAL(DE Only Mode)

| ITE | М | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | notes |
|------------|-------------------|--------|------|------|------|-------|----------|
| | Display Period | tHV | 960 | 960 | 960 | tCLK | 1920 / 2 |
| Horizontal | Blank | tнв | 100 | 140 | 240 | tCLK | 1 |
| | Total | tHP | 1060 | 1100 | 1200 | tCLK | |
| | Display Period | tvv | 1080 | 1080 | 1080 | Lines | |
| Vertical | Blank | tvB | 20 | 45 | 300 | Lines | 1 |
| | Total | tvp | 1100 | 1125 | 1380 | Lines | |

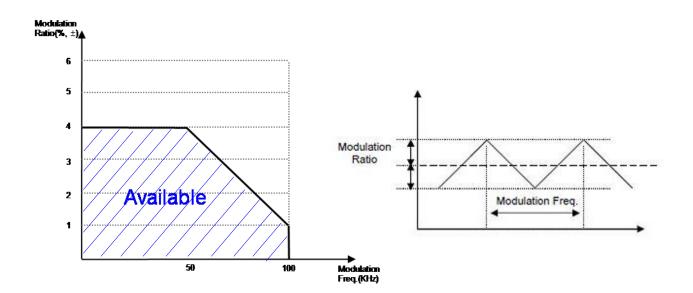
| ITE | М | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | notes |
|-----------|------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| | DCLK | fclk | 60.00 | 74.25 | 78.00 | MHz | |
| Frequency | Horizontal | fн | 57.3 | 67.5 | 70 | KHz | 2 |
| | Vertical | fv | 47 | 60 | 63 | Hz | 2 |

Note: 1. The input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation (DE Only Mode). If you use spread spectrum of EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.

- 2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency
- Spread Spectrum Rate (SSR) for 50KHz ~ 100kHz Modulation Frequency(FMOD) is calculated by (7 – 0.06*Fmod), where Modulation Frequency (FMOD) unit is KHz. LVDS Receiver Spread spectrum Clock is defined as below figure

* Timing should be set based on clock frequency.

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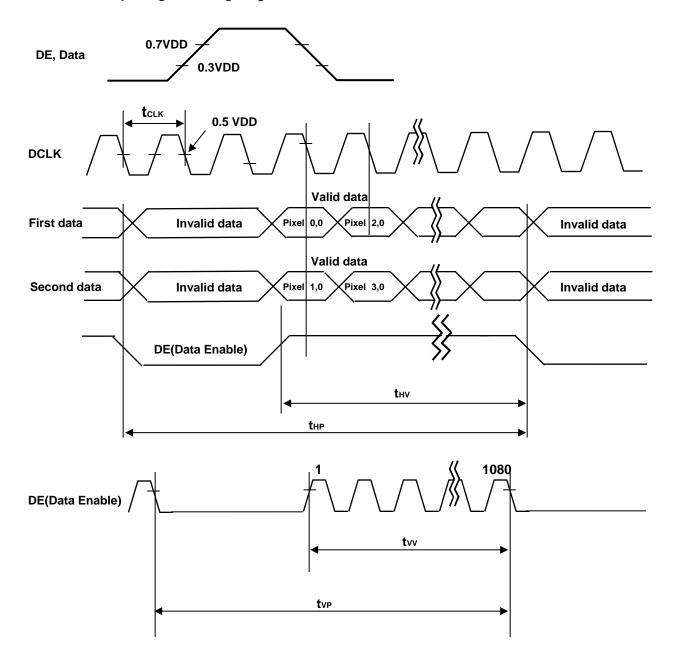


- ** Please pay attention to the followings when you set Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency(FMOD)
- 1. Please set proper Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency (FMOD) of TV system LVDS output.
- 2. Please check FOS after you set Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency(FMOD) to avoid abnormal display. Especially, harmonic noise can appear when you use Spread Spectrum under FMOD 30 KHz.

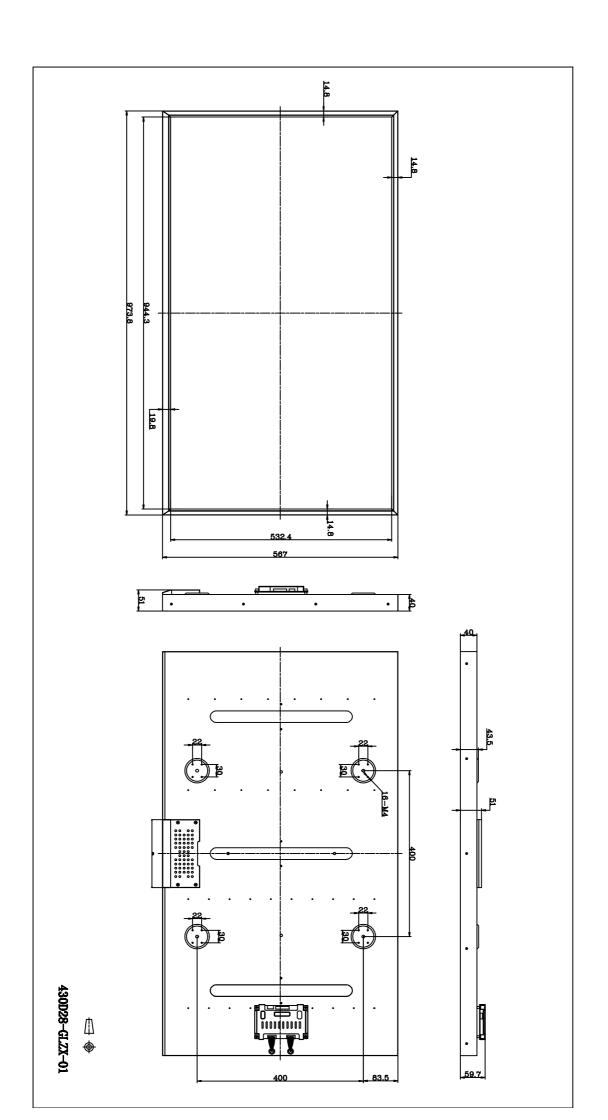
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3-4. LVDS Signal Specification

3-4-1. LVDS Input Signal Timing Diagram

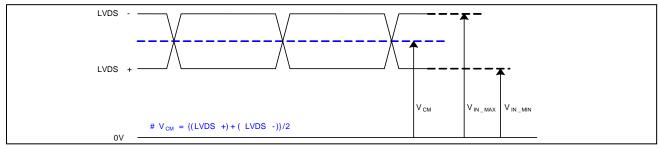


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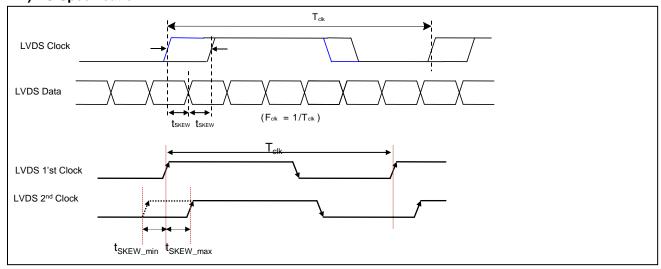
3-4-2. LVDS Input Signal Characteristics

1) DC Specification



| Description | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | notes |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| LVDS Common mode Voltage | V _{CM} | 1.0 | 1.5 | ٧ | - |
| LVDS Input Voltage Range | V _{IN} | 0.7 | 1.8 | V | - |
| Change in common mode Voltage | ΔVCM | - | 250 | mV | - |

2) AC Specification

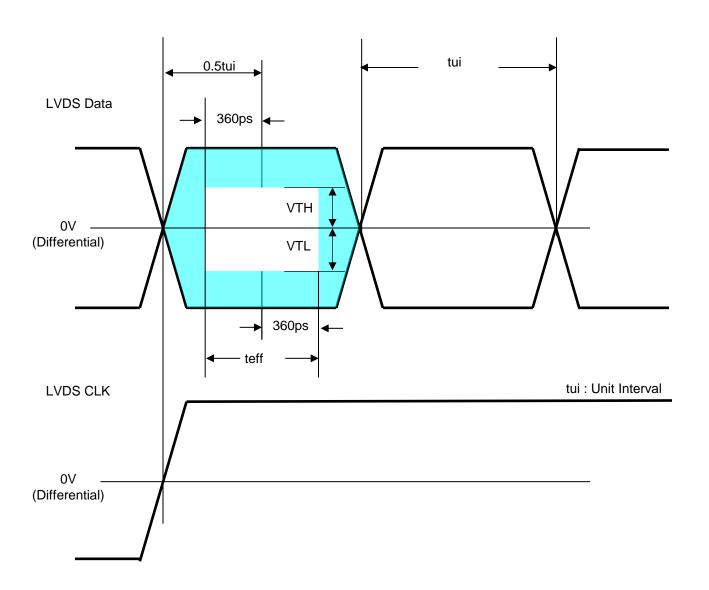


| Description | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | notes |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|---------------------------|------|--------------------------------|
| LVDC Differential Valtege | V_{TH} | 100 | 600 | mV | Tested with Differential Probe |
| LVDS Differential Voltage | V_{TL} | -600 | -100 | mV | 2 |
| LVDS Clock to Data Skew | t _{SKEW} | - | (0.2*T _{clk})/7 | ps | - |
| Effective time of LVDS | t _{eff} | ±360 | - | ps | - |
| LVDS Clock to Clock Skew (Each other) | t _{SKEW_CLK} | - | 1/7* T _{clk} | ps | - |

notes 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

2. LVDS Differential Voltage is defined within t_{eff}

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^{*} This accumulated waveform is tested with differential probe

3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 7 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

| | | | | | | | | | | | I | npu | t Co | lor [| Data | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------------|---|-----|------|----|----|------|------|----|----|------|-----|------|-------|------|------|----|----|-----|------|----|----|------|------|----|
| Color | | | SB | | RE | ΞD | | L | SB | MS | SB | | GRI | EEN | ı | L | SB | MS | SB | | BL | UE | | L | SB |
| | | R | 7 R | 6 R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 F | R1 R | 0 | G | 7 G6 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 (| 30 | В | 7 B | 6 B5 | B4 | В3 | B2 I | B1 E | 08 |
| | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red (255) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green (255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Basic | Blue (255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Color | Cyan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Magenta | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | RED (000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED (001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| RED | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RED (254) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED (255) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN (000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN (001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GREEN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | GREEN (254) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN (255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | BLUE (000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | BLUE (001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| BLUE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | |
| | BLUE (254) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | BLUE (255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

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3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

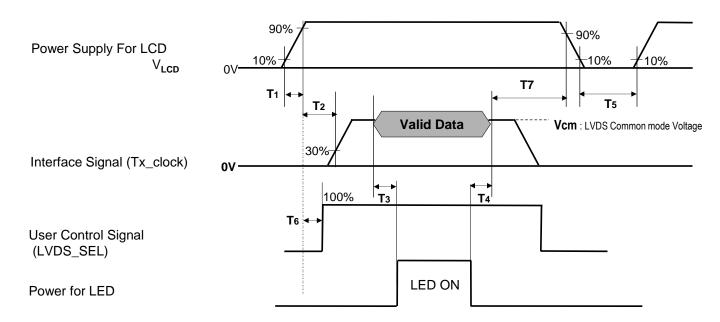


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

| Dawamatan | | l lmit | Notes | | |
|-----------|-----|--------|-------|----|---|
| Parameter | Min | Unit | Notes | | |
| T1 | 0.5 | - | 20 | ms | 1 |
| T2 | 0 | - | - | ms | 2 |
| Т3 | 400 | - | - | ms | 3 |
| T4 | 100 | - | - | ms | 3 |
| T5 | 1.0 | - | - | s | 4 |
| Т6 | 0 | - | T2 | ms | 5 |
| Т7 | 0 | - | - | ms | 6 |

Note:

- 1. Even though T1 is over the specified value, there is no problem if I2T spec of fuse is satisfied.
- 2. If T2 is satisfied with specification after removing LVDS Cable, there is no problem.
- 3. The T3 / T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. T5 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- 5. If the on time of signals (Interface signal and user control signals) precedes the on time of Power (V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display. When T6 is NC status, T6 doesn't need to be measured.
- 6. It is recommendation specification that T7 has to be 0ms as a minimum value.
- * Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- * When the power supply for LCD (VLCD) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and invalid data to 0V.

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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values are specified at 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °. FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

Optical Stage(x,y)

LCD Module

Pritchard 880 or equivalent

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

50cm

Table 10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta= 25 \pm 2°C, V_{LCD}=12.7V, fv=60Hz, Dclk=74.25MHz, Duty =100%

| | | | | Value | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------|---------|-------|-------------------|-------|--|
| Pa | rameter | Symbol | Min | Min Typ | | Unit | notes | |
| Contrast Ratio | | CR | 850 | 1200 | - | | 1 | |
| Surface Luminance, white | | L _{wH} | | 2000 | - | cd/m ² | 2 | |
| Luminance Varia | tion | δ _{WHITE} 9P | 65 | - | - | | 3 | |
| Response Time | Variation | G to G $_{\sigma}$ | | 6 | 9 | | 5 | |
| Response fille | Gray to Gray (BW) | G to G вw | | 9 | 12 | ms | 4 | |
| | RED | Rx | | 0.640 | | | | |
| | KED | Ry | Тур | 0.335 | Тур | | | |
| GREET | CDEEN | Gx | | 0.307 | | | 6 | |
| Color Coordinate | Coordinates GREEN Gy -0.03 | 0.607 | +0.03 | | 0 | | | |
| [CIE1931] | | Bx 0.154 | | | | | | |
| [[] | BLUE | Ву |] | 0.056 | | | | |
| | NA/LUTE | Wx | Тур | 0.281 | Тур | | 7 | |
| | WHITE | Wy | -0.03 | 0.288 | +0.03 | | / | |
| Color Temperatur | e | | | 10,000 | | K | | |
| Color Gamut | Color Gamut | | | 68 | | % | | |
| Viewing Angle (C | R>10) | | | | | | | |
| x a: | kis, right(φ=0°) | θr | 89 | - | - | | | |
| x a | kis, left (φ=180°) | θΙ | 89 | - | - | dogras | | |
| y a: | kis, up (φ=90°) | θu | 89 | - | - | degree | 8 | |
| y a | kis, down (φ=270°) | θd | 89 | - | - | | | |
| Gray Scale | | | - | - | - | | 9 | |

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Note: 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio = Surface Luminance with all white pixels
Surface Luminance with all black pixels

It is measured at center 1-point.

- 2. Surface luminance are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 1 Hour after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at 25±2°C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : δ WHITE(9P) = Minimum (Lon1,Lon2~ Lon8, Lon9) / Maximum (Lon1,Lon2~ Lon8, Lon9)*100 Where Lon1 to Lon9 are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 9 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from any gray to white (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from any gray to black (Decay time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3.
 - $\ensuremath{\,\mathbb{R}}$ G to $G_{\ensuremath{\mathsf{BW}}}$ Spec stands for average value of all measured points.

Photo Detector: RD-80S / Field: 2°

5. G to G $_{\sigma}$ is Variation of Gray to Gray response time composing a picture

- 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- 7. Gray scale specification
 Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 11.

Table 11. Gray scale specification

| Gray Level | Luminance [%] (Typ) |
|------------|---------------------|
| LO | 0.09 |
| L15 | 0.27 |
| L31 | 1.04 |
| L47 | 2.49 |
| L63 | 4.68 |
| L79 | 7.66 |
| L95 | 11.5 |
| L111 | 16.1 |
| L127 | 21.6 |
| L143 | 28.1 |
| L159 | 35.4 |
| L175 | 43.7 |
| L191 | 53.0 |
| L207 | 63.2 |
| L223 | 74.5 |
| L239 | 86.7 |
| L255 | 100 |

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Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

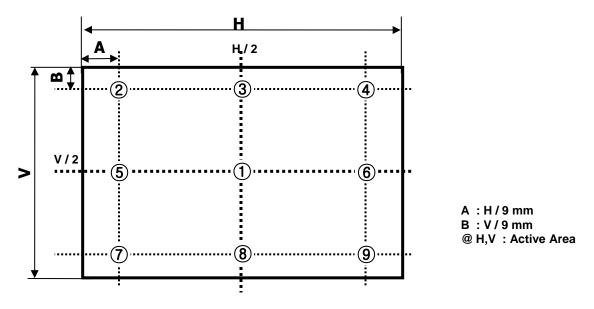


FIG. 2 9 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Black or White".

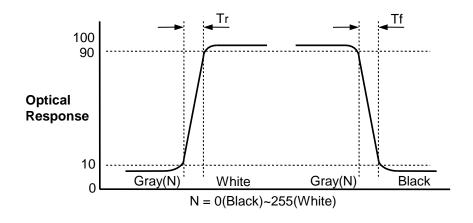


FIG. 3 Response Time

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Dimension of viewing angle range

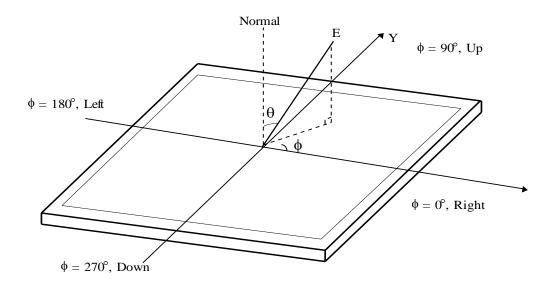


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle

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5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 12 provides general mechanical characteristics.

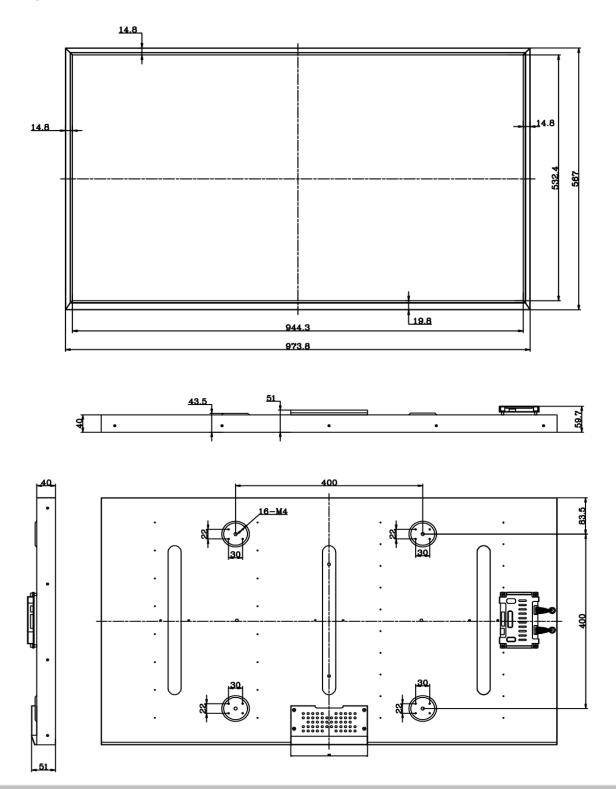
Table 10. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Item | Va | lue | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Horizontal | 973.8 mm | | | |
| Outline Dimension | Vertical | 567.0 mm | | | |
| | Depth | 63.0 mm | | | |
| Donal Area | Horizontal | 945.0 mm | | | |
| Bezel Area | Vertical | 533.0 mm | | | |
| Antiva Diaplay Avan | Horizontal | 941.18 mm | | | |
| Active Display Area | Vertical | 529.42 mm | | | |
| | Material | SUS Like PCM | | | |
| Case Top | Case Top Color | SHINE TITAN(HC583B) | | | |
| | LG Logo Color | SILVER (Pantone-877C) | | | |
| Weight | 13.5kg (Typ.) 14.4kg(Max) | | | | |

Note: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

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[VIEW]



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6. Reliability

Table 13. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

| No. | Test Item | Condition |
|-----|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | Ta= 60°C 90% 240h |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | Ta= -20°C 240h |
| 3 | High temperature operation test | Ta= 50°C 50%RH 500h |
| 4 | Low temperature operation test | Ta= 0°C 500h |
| 5 | Humidity condition Operation | Ta= 40 °C, 90%RH |
| 6 | Altitude operating storage / shipment | 0 – 16,400 ft 0 - 40,000 ft |
| 7 | Vibration test (non-operating) | Wave form : random Vibration level : 0.5Grms Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, Each direction per 10 min |
| 8 | Shock test (non-operating) | Shock level : 30G Waveform : half sine wave, 11ms Direction : \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z One time each direction |
| 9 | Panel Push Test (Module Condition) | Max 6kgf |

Note: 1. Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

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7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, Underwriters Laboratories Inc. Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60065:03, Canadian Standards Association. Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- c) EN 60065, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC). Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- d) IEC 60065, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).

 Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.

7-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011

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9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress, Concentrated stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- (10) Touching the LED Driver might cause an electric shock and damage to LED Driver. Please always use antistatic tools when handling the LED Driver

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (2) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

 And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (3) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (4) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (5) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (6) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (7) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it can causes conductive particles and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (8) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (9) The conductive material and signal cables are kept away from LED driver inductor to prevent abnormal display, sound noise and temperature rising.

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9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
- (3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
- (4) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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APPENDIX- II-1

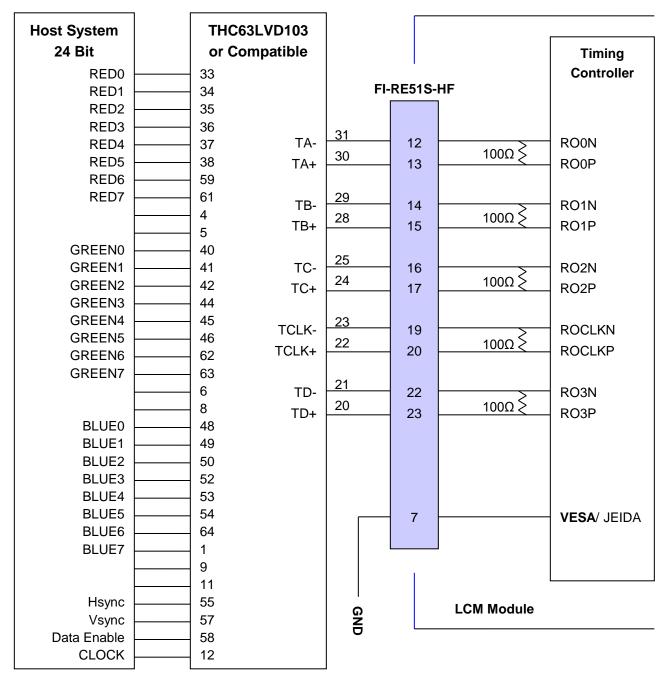
■ LCM Label



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APPENDIX- III-1

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7= "L" or "NC")



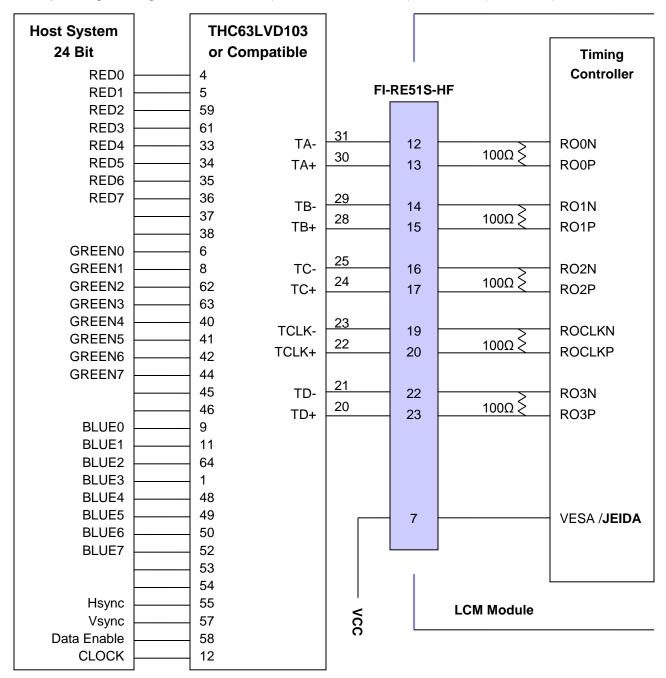
Note: 1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

^{2.} Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)

^{3. &#}x27;7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

APPENDIX- III-2

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine: THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7="H")



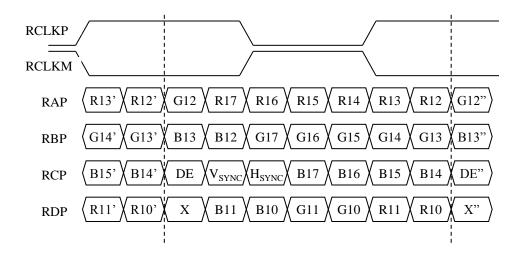
Note :1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

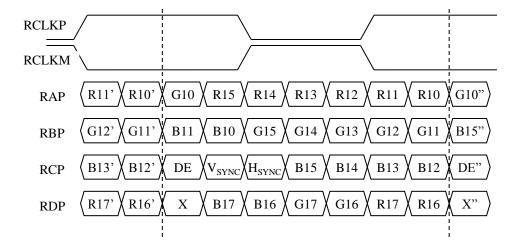
APPENDIX- IV

LVDS Data-Mapping Information (8 Bit)

1) LVDS Select : "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



2) LVDS Select: "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)

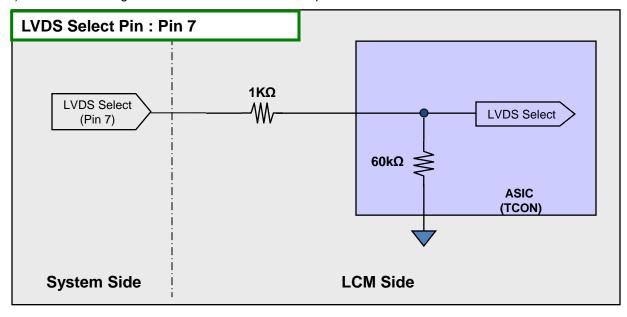


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APPENDIX- V

■ Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

1) Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin



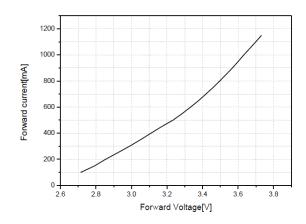
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APPENDIX- VI

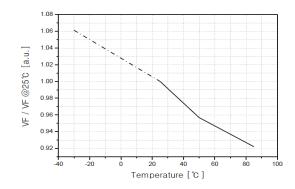
■ LED Array Electrical Spec

| Item | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Uint | Remark |
|------------------------|-----------|-----|-----------|-----------|------|--------|
| Forward voltage(Vf) | Ifm=500mA | ı | 22.7/45.4 | 24.2/48.4 | V | Ta=25℃ |

■ Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



■ Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage



*Dotted Line is simulated

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